

CS6109 - COMPILER DESIGN – LAB

Week 8 – 05.10.2022

(Observations)

YACC Program

1. Write a yacc program to implement arithmetic operators(+ , - , * , /)

Yacc code :

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<ctype.h>
}%
%token NUM
%left '+'
%left '*'
%left '-'
%left '/'
%%
start: expr '\n' {printf("%d\n", $1);return 1; }
;
expr : expr '+' term { $$=$1 + $3;}
| expr '-' term { $$=$1-$3; }
| term { $$=$1;}
;
term : term '*' factor { $$=$1*$3;}
| term '/' factor { $$=$1/$3;}
| factor
;
factor : '(' expr ')' { $$=$2;}
| NUM
;
%%
yyerror(char const *s)
{
printf("yyerror %s",s);
}
```

```

int yylex() {
int c;
c=getchar();
if (isdigit(c)) {
yylval=c-'0';
return NUM;
}
return c;
}
int main(){
while(1){
yyparse();
}
return 1;
}

```

Input	Output
2 + 3 * 6	20
2 + 6 / 3	4
6 / 3 * 2	4
2 + 3 - 4 * 8 / 4	-3

2. Write a yacc program to implement Boolean operators (AND , OR , NOT).

Yaac code:

```

%{
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<ctype.h>
%}
%token NUM
%%
start: expr '\n' {if($1) printf("True\n");
else printf("False\n");
return 1; }
| rexr '\n'
;
expr : rexr'O'R'rexpr {$$=$1||$4;}
| rexr'A'N'D'rexpr { $$=$1&&$5; }
| 'N'O'T'rexpr { $$=!$4;}

```

```

;
rexpr : rexr'<'rexp { $$=($1<$3);}
| rexr'>'rexp { $$=($1>$3);}
| '! 'rexp { $$=(!$2);}
| rexr'=' 'rexp { $$= ($1==$4);}
| rexr'!' 'rexp { $$= ($1!=$4);}
| ('rexp')' { $$=$2;}
| NUM
;
%%
yyerror(char const *s)
{
printf("yyerror");
}
int yylex() {
int c;
c=getchar();
if (isdigit(c)) {
yylval=c-'0';
return NUM;
}
return c;
}
int main(){
while(1){
yyparse();
}
return 1;
}

```

Input	Output
3 == 4 OR 3 == 3	T
3! = 4 AND 3! == 3	F
2 < 3 AND 3 >4	F
NOT 0	T
NOT 1	F