DCSE, CEG, AU :: B.E. - CSE – II yr – IV Sem (P) / CS6106 – DBMS LAB 24-Apr-2024 (AN)

1. Create the following tables with necessary constraints.

a) Item table - has information about item identity, its name and rate.

Item id	Name	Rate	Quantity Available	safe_stock
SU01	Abc	150.00	40	15
DA01	Dfdf	85.00	62	25
SU02	Abd	163.00	25	10
	·	·	:	

b) **Bill table** – has information about the bills. For each bill no. there may more than one item purchased detail:

Bill no.	<u>Item id</u>	Quantity	Price
10021	SU01	2	300.00
10021	SU02	1	163.00
10022	SU02	1	150.00
	·		•

c) Total_Sales table holds the total purchase price of each bill.

<u>Bill no.</u>	Total Price
10021	463.00
	•

- 2. Populate the items (min. 5 recs.) and Bills (min. 10 recs.) tables, except the price column of Bill.
- 3. *Display* the item id, available quantity and safe-stock of each item.
- 4. Write a procedure to compute and update the price column of Bill for the user given billno and Item_id.
- 5. *Write a function* to display the total-amount of Bill table.
- 6. Create a trigger to check if Quantity Available Quantity is greater than or equal to safe_stock of Item table whenever an item is to be billed. If the difference is less than the safe_stock than raise an alarm message to make an order for that item, otherwise insert that to the table.
- 7. *List* the item names that occur more than once in the **Bill** table.
- 8. *Populate* the Total_Sales table from Bill table using any suitable concept of your DB developer.
- Display the discount amount (discount : 2% of bill amount) of a bill if the price-amount of the bill exceeds Rs.1000.
- 10. *Display* the item names of the bills, for the bills that have total amount greater than 750.